Skin Tear Pathway





Complete holistic and wound assessment. Stop bleeding and document using ISTAP classification system¹



Type 1.

No Skin Loss
Linear or flap
tear which can be
repositioned to cover
the wound bed



Type 2.
Partial Flap
Partial skin loss
which cannot be
repositioned to cover
the wound bed



Type 3.
Total Flap Loss
Total skin loss
exposing entire
wound bed

Cleanse wound with tepid water or saline. Alprep® Pad may be used to support wound cleansing and remove any debris from the wound bed.

Approximate wound edges if possible using a gloved finger.



Draw arrow on the dressing and write the date of application. The dressing should be removed in the same direction as the arrow suggests, to prevent further trauma





- Adhesive strips are no longer the preferred method of closure¹
- Excess depth, uncontrolled bleeding, suspected bone or tendon injury, or debris lodged in wound should be treated with extreme caution and may require inpatient treatment.



Simplifying wound care for you The Coloplast 3 Step Approach, Product Selection Guide

Step 1: Assess

Complete holistic assessment of patient and wound assessment.

Step 2: Prepare

Prepare the wound for healing.
Use Alprep® Pad or follow local guidance.

Step 3: Treat

Treat the wound in accordance with underlying aetiology and specific wound treatment objectives.



Non - low exuding wounds



Low - high exuding wounds



This information is for general guidance only and should not replace clinical judgement. If you are unsure, seek TVN advice. For further product information, including product indications, please refer to the Instructions for Use packaged with the product. Biatain Silicone and Biatain Silicone Lite conformability may vary across product design.

References: 1. ISTAP Skin Tear Classification, LeBlanc, K., Baranoski et al, J Advances in Skin and Wound Care June 2013. View the full classification at www.skintears.org/education/tools/istap-skin-tear-classification/

